

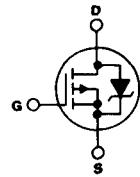
Avalanche-Energy-Rated P-Channel Power MOSFETs

-5 A and -6 A, -60 V and -100 V
 $r_{DS(on)}$ = 0.60 Ω and 0.80 Ω

Features:

- Single pulse avalanche energy rated
- SOA is power-dissipation limited
- Nanosecond switching speeds
- Linear transfer characteristics
- High input impedance

TERMINAL DIAGRAM



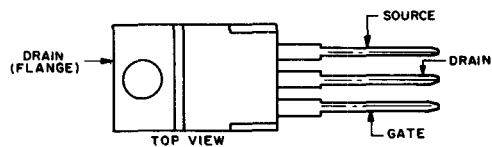
92CS-43262

P-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE

The IRF9520, IRF9521, IRF9522 and IRF9523 are advanced power MOSFETs designed, tested, and guaranteed to withstand a specified level of energy in the breakdown avalanche mode of operation. These are p-channel enhancement-mode silicon-gate field-effect transistors designed for applications such as switching regulators, switching converters, motor drivers, relay drivers, and drivers for high-power bipolar switching transistors requiring high speed and low gate-drive power. These types can be operated directly from integrated circuits.

The IRF-types are supplied in the JEDEC TO-220AB plastic package.

TERMINAL DESIGNATION



92CS-39528

JEDEC TO-220AB

ABSOLUTE-MAXIMUM RATINGS

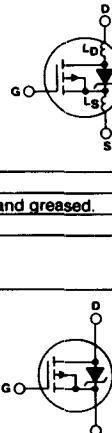
CHARACTERISTIC	IRF9520	IRF9521	IRF9522	IRF9523	UNITS	
Drain-Source Voltage (1)	V _{DS}	-100	-60	-100	-60	V
Drain-Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$) (1)	V _{DGR}	-100	-60	-100	-60	V
Continuous Drain Current	I _D @ T _c = 25°C	-6	-6	-5	-5	A
Continuous Drain Current	I _D @ T _c = 100°C	-4	-4	-3.5	-3.5	A
Pulsed Drain Current (2)	I _{DM}	-24	-24	-20	-20	A
Gate-Source Voltage	V _{GS}		±20			V
Maximum Power Dissipation	P _D @ T _c = 25°C		40 (See Fig. 14)			W
Linear Derating Factor			0.32 (See Fig. 14)			W/°C
Single-Pulse Avalanche Energy Rating (3)	E _{AS}		370			mJ
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T _J T _{stg}		-55 to +150			°C
Lead Temperature		300 (0.063 in. [1.6 mm] from case for 10 s)				°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS At Case Temperature (T_c) = 25°C Unless Otherwise Specified

CHARACTERISTIC	TYPE	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage BV_{DSS}	IRF9520 IRF9522	-100	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$
	IRF9521 IRF9523	-60	—	—	V	$I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
Gate Threshold Voltage $V_{GTH(M)}$	ALL	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Source Leakage Forward I_{GSF}	ALL	—	—	-500	nA	$V_{GS} = -20\text{ V}$
Gate-Source Leakage Reverse I_{GSR}	ALL	—	—	500	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}$
Zero-Gate Voltage Drain Current $I_{DS(0)}$	ALL	—	—	-250	μA	$V_{GS} = \text{Max. Rating}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$
		—	—	-1000	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating} \times 0.8, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$
On-State Drain Current $I_{D(on)}$	IRF9520 IRF9521	-6	—	—	A	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times r_{DS(on) \text{ max.}}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$
	IRF9522 IRF9523	-5	—	—	A	
Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance $r_{DS(on)}$	IRF9520 IRF9521	—	0.5	0.6	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = -3.5\text{ A}$
	IRF9522 IRF9523	—	0.6	0.8	Ω	
Forward Transconductance g_{fs}	ALL	0.9	2	—	S(U)	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times r_{DS(on) \text{ max.}}, I_D = -3.5\text{ A}$
Input Capacitance C_{iss}	ALL	—	300	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DS} = -25\text{ V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ See Fig. 10
Output Capacitance C_{oss}	ALL	—	200	—	pF	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance C_{res}	ALL	—	50	—	pF	
Turn-On Delay Time $t_{d(on)}$	ALL	—	25	50	ns	$V_{DD} = 0.5\text{ }BV_{DSS}, I_D = -3.5\text{ A}, Z_0 = 50\text{ }\Omega$ See Fig. 17
Rise Time t_r	ALL	—	50	100	ns	
Turn-Off Delay Time $t_{d(off)}$	ALL	—	50	100	ns	
Fall Time t_f	ALL	—	50	100	ns	(MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)
Total Gate Charge Q_g (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain)	ALL	—	16	22	nC	$V_{GS} = -15\text{ V}, I_D = -8.0\text{ A}, V_{DS} = 0.8\text{ Max. Rating}$ See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)
Gate-Source Charge Q_{gs}	ALL	—	9	13.5	nC	
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge Q_{gd}	ALL	—	7	10.5	nC	
Internal Drain Inductance L_D		—	3.5	—	nH	Measured from the contact screw on tab to center of die.
		—	4.5	—	nH	
Internal Source Inductance L_S	ALL	—	7.5	—	nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
		—	—	—	—	
Junction-to-Case R_{JJC}	ALL	—	—	3.12	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	Measured from the source lead, 6 mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.
Case-to-Sink R_{JCS}	ALL	—	0.1	—	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	
Junction-to-Ambient R_{JJA}	ALL	—	—	80	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	

SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS

Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	I_S	IRF9520 IRF9521	—	—	-6	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.
		IRF9522 IRF9523	—	—	-5	A	
Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) $\textcircled{2}$	I_{SM}	IRF9520 IRF9521	—	—	-24	A	
		IRF9522 IRF9523	—	—	-20	A	
Diode Forward Voltage V_{SD}		IRF9520 IRF9521	—	—	-1.5	V	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -6\text{ A}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$
		IRF9522 IRF9523	—	—	-1.5	V	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -5\text{ A}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$
Reverse Recovery Time t_r	ALL	—	230	—	ns		$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -6\text{ A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
Reverse Recovered Charge Q_{RR}	ALL	—	1.3	—	μC		$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -6\text{ A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
Forward Turn-on Time t_{on}	ALL	—	—	—	—	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.	

 $\textcircled{1}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C . $\textcircled{2}$ Pulse Test: Pulse width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$. $\textcircled{3}$ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5). $\textcircled{4}$ $V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 15.4\text{ mH}$, $R_G = 25\text{ }\Omega$, Peak $I_L = 6\text{ A}$ (See Figs. 15 & 16).

Rugged Power MOSFETs

IRF9520, IRF9521

IRF9522, IRF9523

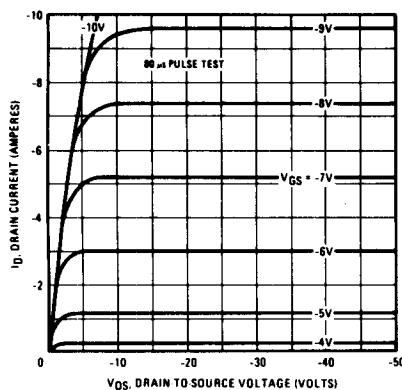


Fig. 1 - Typical output characteristics.

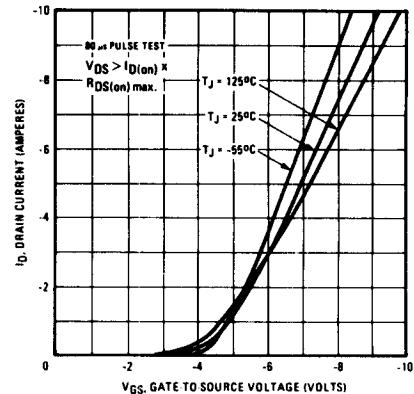


Fig. 2 - Typical transfer characteristics.

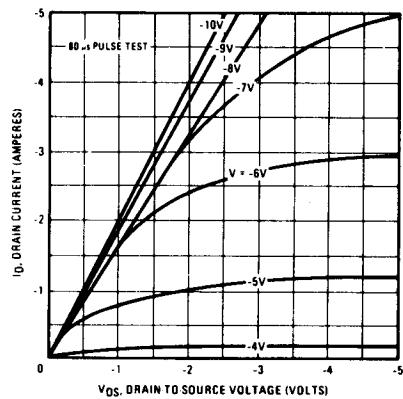


Fig. 3 - Typical saturation characteristics.

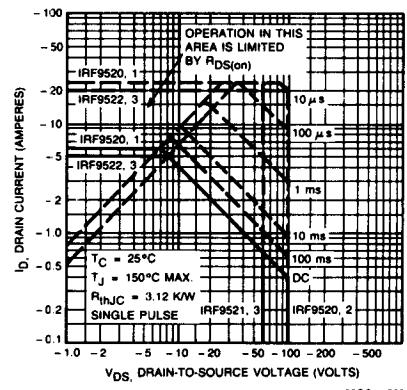


Fig. 4 - Maximum safe operating area.

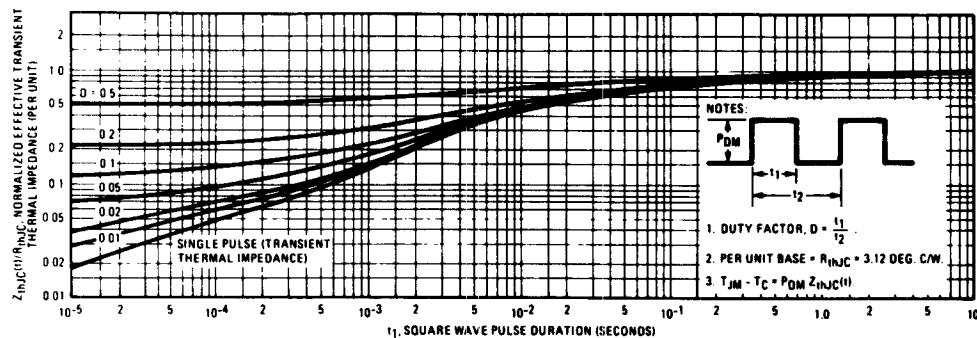


Fig. 5 - Maximum effective transient thermal impedance, junction-to-case vs. pulse duration.

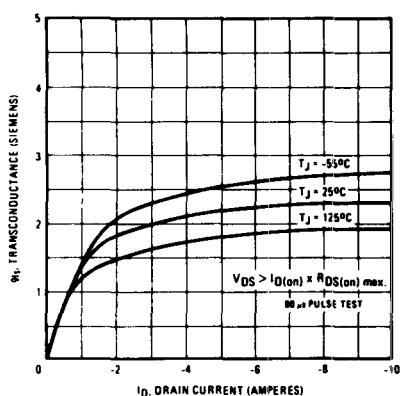


Fig. 6 - Typical transconductance vs. drain current.

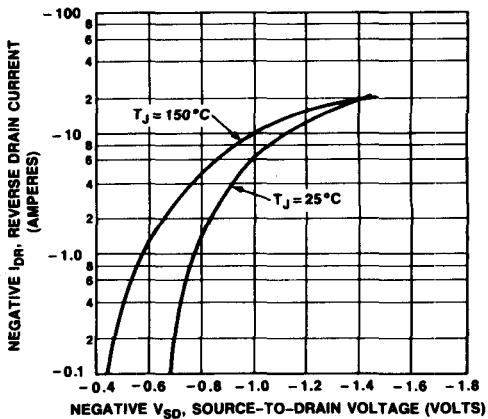


Fig. 7 - Typical source-drain diode forward voltage.

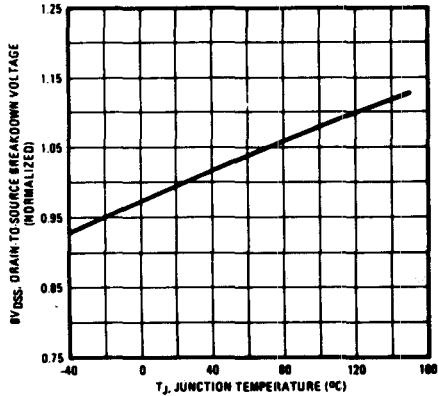


Fig. 8 - Breakdown voltage vs. temperature.

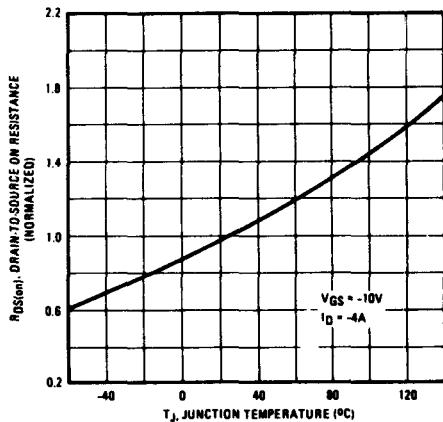


Fig. 9 - Normalized on-resistance vs. temperature.

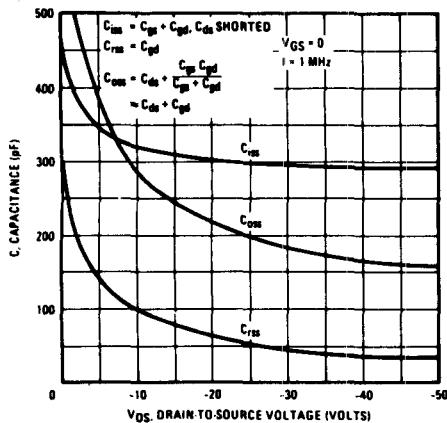


Fig. 10 - Typical capacitance vs. drain-to-source voltage.

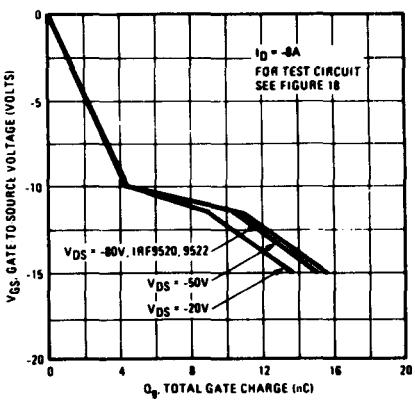


Fig. 11 - Typical gate charge vs. gate-to-source voltage.

Rugged Power MOSFETs

IRF9520, IRF9521

IRF9522, IRF9523

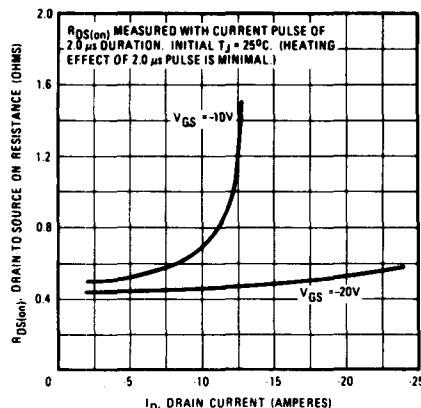


Fig. 12 - Typical on-resistance vs. drain current.

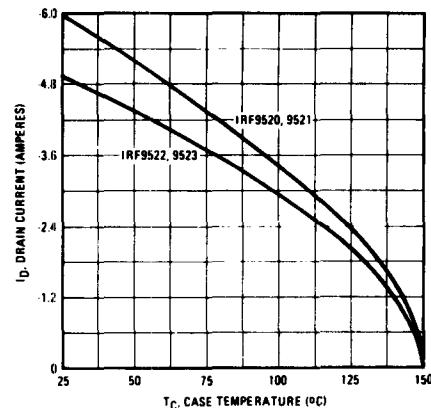


Fig. 13 - Maximum drain current vs. case temperature.

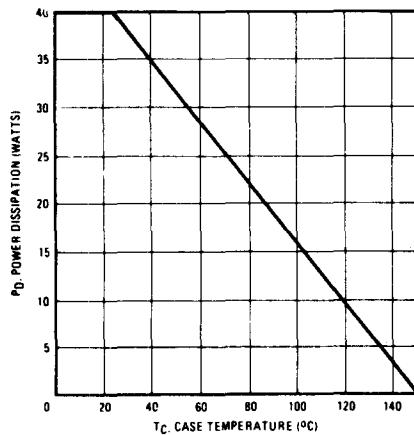


Fig. 14 - Power vs. temperature derating curve.

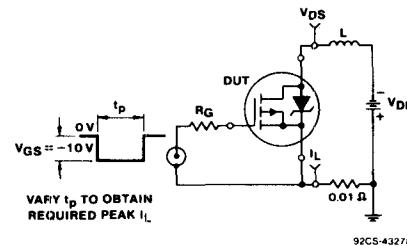


Fig. 15 - Unclamped inductive test circuit.

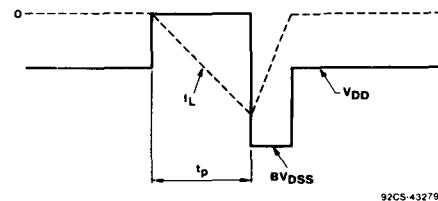


Fig. 16 - Unclamped inductive waveforms.

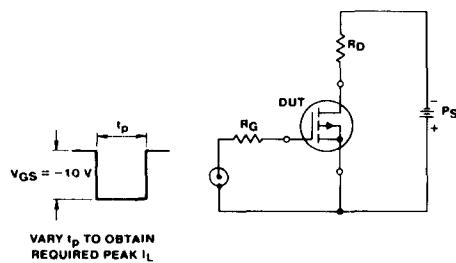


Fig. 17 - Switching time test circuit.

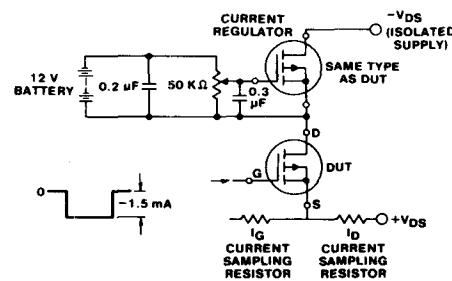


Fig. 18 - Gate charge test circuit.